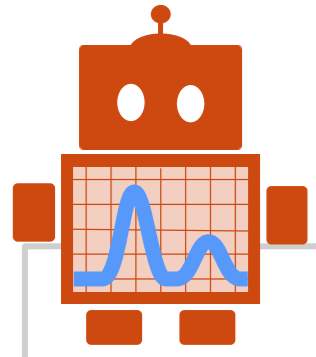
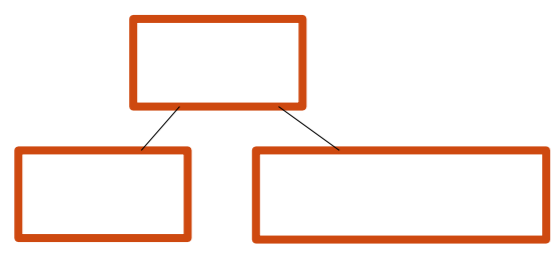


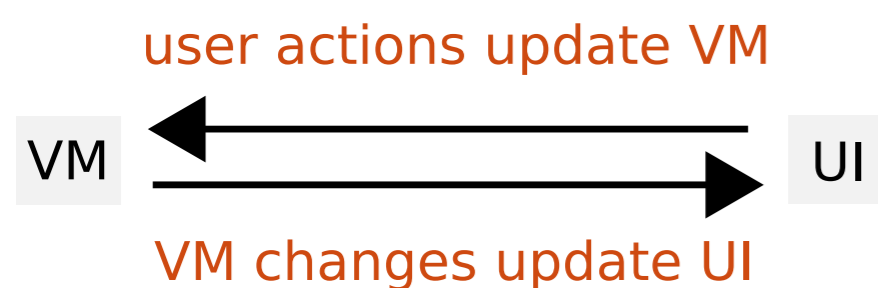
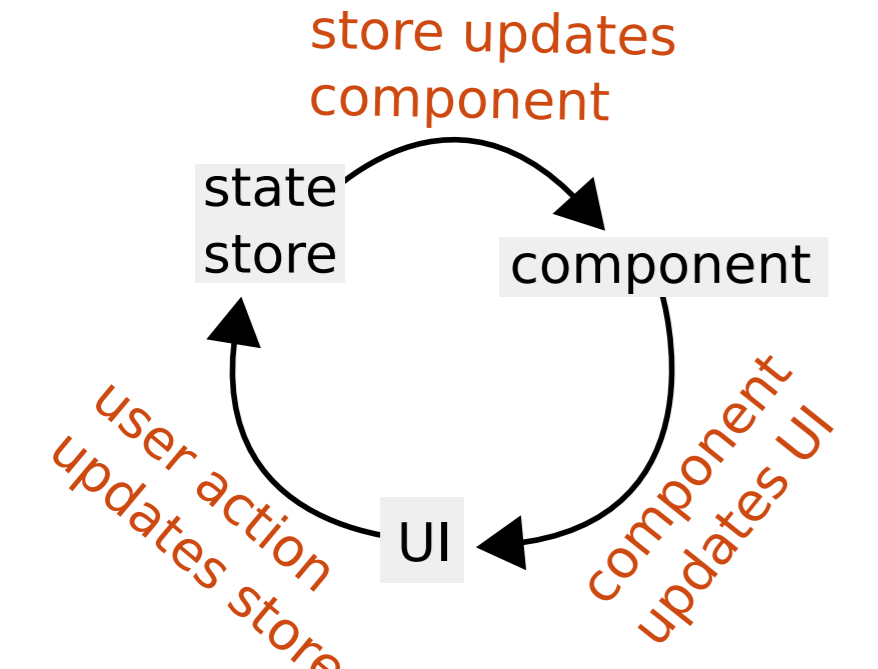


# Front-end Javascript Frameworks: A Beginner's Guide

Alex Hill, Emma Russell



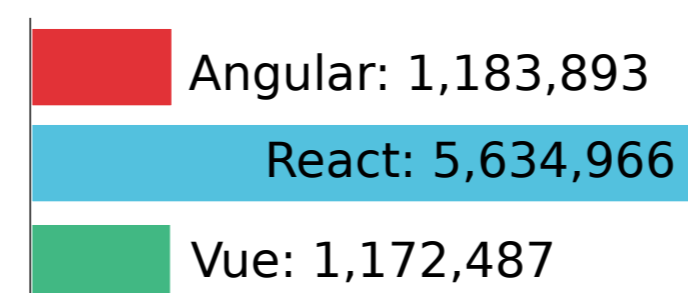
When writing a front-end Javascript application you need to handle:

<p><b>State</b></p>  <p>Keep track of dynamic data and user preferences</p> <p>✓ state management and data-binding</p>	<p><b>Organisation</b></p>  <p>Organise code clearly</p> <p>✓ component based architecture</p>	<p><b>HTML generation</b></p> <pre>"&lt;div&gt;" + myVal + "&lt;/div&gt;"</pre> <p>Add and remove HTML elements dynamically</p> <p>✓ HTML templating</p>	<p><b>Testing</b></p>  <p>Unit test logic and test user interactions work as expected</p> <p>✓ testing utilities</p>
<p><b>A framework can help by providing:</b></p>			
<p><b>Key concepts:</b></p>			
<p><b>2-way data-binding</b></p> <p>A <b>ViewModel</b> (VM) reflects the state of the UI</p> 	<p><b>Components</b></p> <p>A component is like a custom HTML element with special behaviour attached:</p> <pre>&lt;error-list errors="errArray"&gt; &lt;/error-list&gt;</pre>	<p><b>Templates</b></p> <p>Here's an <b>HTML template</b>. It uses the v-for directive to loop over an array:</p> <pre>&lt;ul class="list"&gt;   &lt;li v-for="e in errors"&gt;     {{e}}   &lt;/li&gt; &lt;/ul&gt;</pre>	<p><b>Testing</b></p> <p>All major frameworks have testing libraries that make unit testing components easy.</p> <p><b>jsdom</b> is a pure JS browser emulation that makes Selenium tests virtually obsolete!</p>
<p><b>1-way data-binding</b></p> <p>A pattern pioneered in React and known as <b>Flux</b></p> 	<p><b>Directives</b></p> <p>A directive is like a custom data attribute on a regular HTML element, with special behaviour attached:</p> <pre>&lt;span v-if="hasMessage"&gt;   {{message}} &lt;/span&gt;</pre>	<p><b>JSX</b> is a syntax extension to Javascript that resembles HTML. Here's a JSX template:</p> <pre>&lt;ul className="list"&gt;   {errors.map(e =&gt;     &lt;li&gt;{e}&lt;/li&gt;)} &lt;/ul&gt;</pre>	<p><b>Do I really need a framework?</b></p> <p>If your app is not very interactive the costs may outweigh the benefits:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• steep learning curve</li> <li>• slow to develop</li> <li>• lots of 'boilerplate' code</li> </ul>

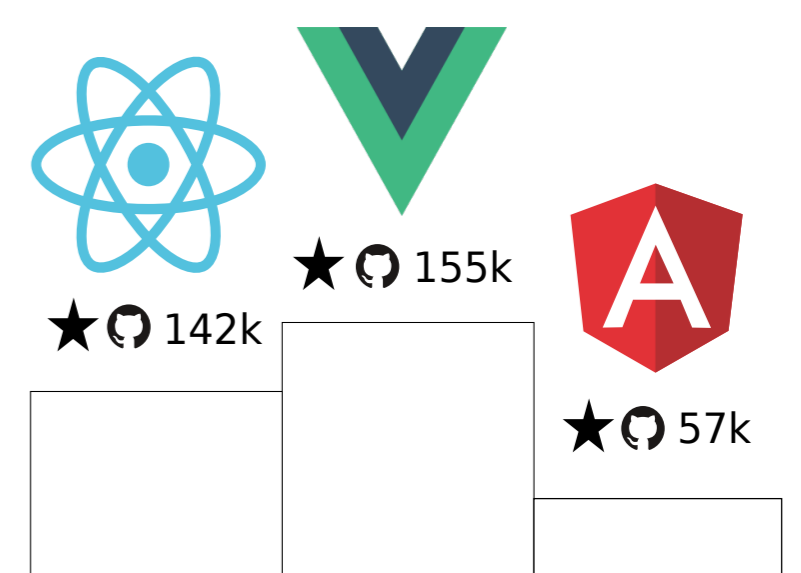
## The Big 3: Angular, React & Vue

	Directives	Components	Template Language(s)	2-way data binding
Angular	✓	✓	HTML	✓
React	✗	✓	JSX	✗
Vue	✓	✓	HTML, JSX	✓

React has the most weekly downloads 1.



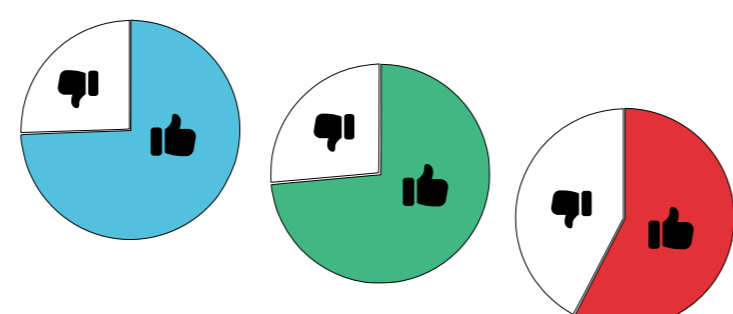
Vue has the most GitHub stars 2.



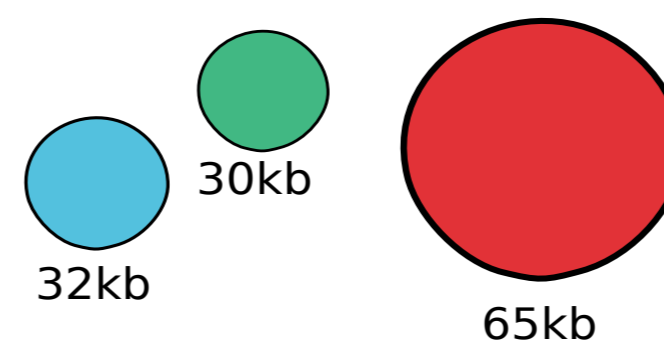
Vue is the easiest to learn (And Angular the hardest)



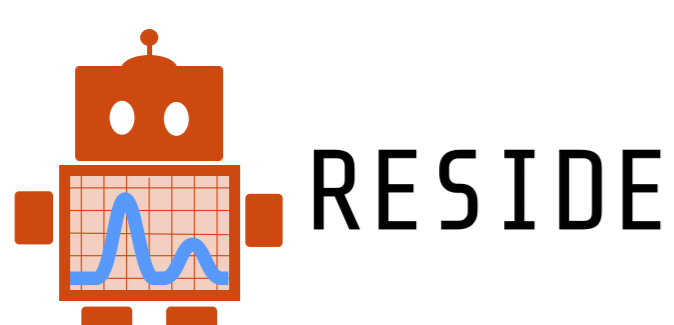
Developers don't like Angular as much 3.



React & Vue are more lightweight 4. min app bundle size



React & Vue are slightly faster than Angular 4. (but they're all pretty fast!)



1. <https://www.npmjs.com/>  
 2. <https://github.com/>  
 3. <https://insights.stackoverflow.com/survey/2019>  
 4. <https://blog.bitsrc.io/benchmarking-angular-react-and-vue-for-small-web-applications-e3cbd62d6565>